



## **Interactive Panel Discussion on Nutrition and Health for All** LEAD PRESENTATION ON Some Health Indicators of NFHS-5 Survey By Dr. B. Sesikeran **ILSI India Board Member &** Chairman, K-FFIG **Tuesday**, December 21

## Disclosure

I have no actual or potential conflict of interest in relation to this program/presentation.

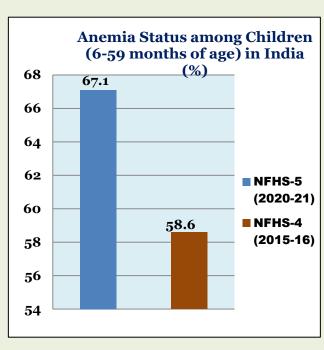
## Sates and Union Territory covers under National Family Health Surveys (NFHS-5) Phase- II

- Arunachal Pradesh
- \* Chhattisgarh
- \* Haryana
- Jharkhand
- \* Madhya Pradesh
- \* Odisha
- Punjab

- \* Rajasthan
- \* Tamil Nadu
- \* Uttar Pradesh
- **Uttarakhand**
- \* Chandigarh (UT)
- \* NCT Delhi (UT)
- Puducherry (UT)

# Anemia Status in Children

- ★ The National Average for Anemia in children is ↑67.1% NFHS-5 (2020-21) up from 58.6% in NFHS-4 (2015-16).
- ★ Arunachal has <u>lowest Anemia</u> <u>prevalence at 5.7%</u> and <u>experienced ↓8.5% decline from</u> NFHS-4.
- Chhattisgarh experienced sharpest increase in prevalence of Anemia from 41.6 % (NFHS-4) to 67.2 % (NFHS-5) ↑25.6%.



#### Anemia Status Among Adolescent: Women and Men (Age 15-19 Years )

The National Average for Anemia among adolescent in the age group 15-19 years 54.1% NFHS-4 to  $\uparrow$ 59.1% NFHS-5 [women] and 29.2% NFHS-4 to  $\uparrow$ 31.1% NFHS-5 [men].

#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

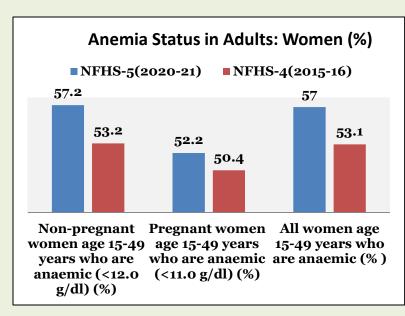
#### Adolescent women 15-19 years

- ✓ Uttarakhand Has lowest prevalence of Anemia among all women in the age 15-19 years 40.9% and experienced decline from NFHS -4 - ↓ 5.5%.
- ✓ Chandigarh (UT)–Witnessed <u>sharpest decline</u> in prevalence of Anemia among all women in the age 15-19 years from 74.7% (NFHS-4) to 57.7% (NFHS-5) ↓17%.
- ✓ Chhattisgarh -experienced <u>sharpest increase</u> in prevalence of Anemia all women in the age 15-19 years from 45.5 % (NFHS-4) to 61.4 % (NFHS-5) - ↑15.9%.
- \* Adolescent men 15-19 years
- ✓ NCT Delhi (UT) Has lowest prevalence of Anemia among men in the age 15-19 years 18.9% and experienced decline from NFHS -4 ↓ 7%.
- ✓ Puducherry (UT)–Witnessed <u>sharpest decline</u> in prevalence of Anemia among men in the age 15-19 years from 40.6% (NFHS-4) to 30.7% (NFHS-5) – ↓9%.
- ✓ Rajasthan experienced sharpest increase in prevalence of Anemia among men in the age 15-19 years from 22.1% (NFHS-4) to 34 % (NFHS-5) ↑11.9%.

# Anemia Status in Adults

The prevalence of anemia has increased among Adults - Both Women and Men in Age Group: 15-49 years

- <u>All Women</u> ↑ From 53.1% (NFHS-4) to 57.0% (NFHS-5)
- <u>All Men</u> ↑ From 22.7% (NFHS-4) to 25.0 (NFHS-5).
- <u>Non- Pregnant Women</u> ↑ <u>From</u> 53.2 % (NFHS-4) to ↑57.2% (NFHS-5).
- <u>Pregnant Women</u> ↑ From 50.4 % (NFHS-4) to 52.2% (NFHS-5),



## Anemia Status Among Non-Pregnant Women (Age 15-49 Years <12.0 g/dl)

- ★ Arunachal Pradesh has lowest prevalence of Anemia among Non-Pregnant women in the age group of 15-49 years 40.8% and experienced decline from NFHS -4 -↓
   2.7%.
- ★ Chandigarh (UT) Witnessed <u>sharpest decline</u> in prevalence of Anemia among Non-Pregnant women in the age group of 15-49 years from 75.9% (NFHS-4) to 60.1 % (NFHS-5) - ↓ 15.8%.
- ★ Chhattisgarh experienced <u>sharpest increase</u> in prevalence of Anemia among Non-Pregnant women in the age group of 15-49 years from 47.3 % (NFHS-4) to 61.2 % (NFHS-5) ↑ 13.9%

## Anemia Status Among Pregnant Women (Age 15-49 years <11.0 g/dl)

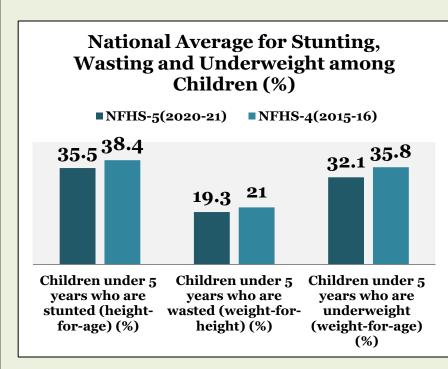
- ★ Arunachal Pradesh has <u>lowest prevalence of Anemia</u> among Pregnant women in the age group of 15-49 years
   27.9% and experienced decline from NFHS -4 -↓ 9.9%.
- ★ Arunachal Pradesh witnessed <u>sharpest decline in</u> <u>prevalence of Anemia</u> among Pregnant women in the age group of 15-49 years from 37.8% (NFHS-4) to 27.9% (NFHS-5) -↓ 9.9%.
- ★ Chhattisgarh experienced <u>sharpest increase in</u> <u>prevalence of Anemia</u> among Pregnant women in the age group of 15-49 years from 41.5 % (NFHS-4) to 61.8 % (NFHS-5) -↑ 20.3%.

## Anemia Status Among All Women (Age 15-49 Years)

- ★ Arunachal Pradesh has <u>lowest prevalence of</u> <u>Anemia</u> among all women in the age 15-49 years 40.3% and experienced decline from NFHS -4 - ↓
   2.9%.
- ★ Chandigarh (UT)–Witnessed <u>sharpest decline in</u> <u>prevalence of Anemia</u> among all women in the age 15-49 years from 75.9% (NFHS-4) to 60.3% (NFHS-5) – ↓15.6%.
- ★ Chhattisgarh experienced <u>sharpest increase in</u> <u>prevalence of Anemia</u> among all women in the age 15-49 years from 47 % (NFHS-4) to 60.8 % (NFHS-5) -↑ 13.8%.

## **Child Growth Indicators** *Stunting, Wasting, Underweight*

**The National Average** Child Growth for **Indicators: Stunting- 35.5%** Wasting- **19.3% Underwt. - \$32.1%** 



## **Child Growth Indicator : Stunting**

- ✤ Puducherry (UT)- Has <u>lowest Stunting rate</u> 20% and experienced decline from NFHS -4 -↓ 3.7%.

## **Child Growth Indicator : Wasting**

- ★ Chandigarh (UT)- Has <u>lowest Wasting rate</u> 8.4% and experienced decline from NFHS -4 -↓ 2.5%.
- ✤ Puducherry (UT) Witnessed sharpest decline in Wasting rate 23.6% (NFHS-4) to 12.4% (NFHS-5) ↓ 11.2%

## **Child Growth Indicator : Severely Wasting**

- The National Average for Severely Wasting -7.7% (NFHS-5).
- ★ Chandigarh (UT)- Has <u>lowest Severely Wasted</u> rate 2.3% and experienced decline from NFHS -4 -↓ 1.6%.
- ★ Uttar Pradesh- The only State which experience <u>increase</u> <u>in Severely Wasted rate</u> from 6.0% (NFHS-4) to 7.3% (NFHS-5)- ↑ 1.3%.

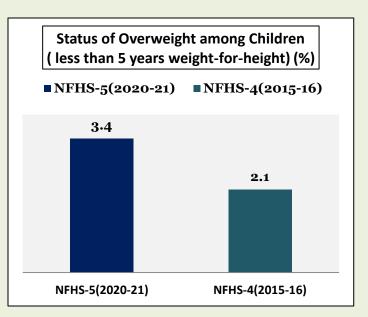
## **Child Growth Indicator : Underweight**

- ♦ Puducherry (UT)- Has lowest Underweight rate 15.3% and experienced decline from NFHS -4 -↓ 6.7%.
- ★ Madhya Pradesh- State has witnessed <u>sharpest decline in</u> <u>Underweight rate</u> 42.8% (NFHS-4) to 33.0% (NFHS-5) -↓ 9.8%.

# **Overweight and Obesity Status**

## Status of Overweight /Obesity Among Children ( < 5 Years Weight-for-Height)

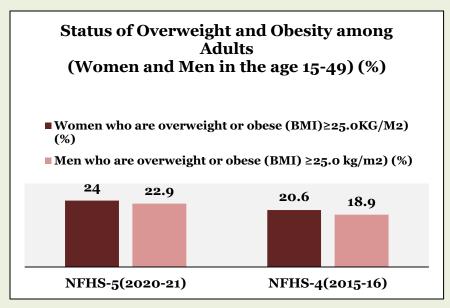
- \* The <u>National Average for</u> <u>Overweight among Children under</u> 5 years of age has increased from 2.1 (NFHS-4) to ↑3.4% (NFHS-5).
- Chandigarh (UT)- Has lowest <u>Overweight</u> rate 1.9% but experienced slight increase from NFHS -4 -↑ 0.8%.
- Arunachal Pradesh– State has witnessed <u>sharpest increase in</u> <u>Overweight rate</u> from 4.9% (NFHS-4) to 9.7% (NFHS-5) – ↑ 4.8%.



### Status of Overweight / Obesity Among Adults : Women and Men in the age 15-49

The incidence of <u>overweight and</u> <u>obesity</u> has increased <u>in both</u> <u>Women and Men in the age group</u> <u>15-49 years</u>

- Women- From 20.6 % (NFHS-4) to 24.0 % (NFHS-5) - ↑ 3.4%
- Men From and 18.9 % (NFHS-4) to 22.9 % (NFHS-5)
- **†** 4%[Men].



### **Status of Overweight / Obesity Among Women**

- The National Average for Overweight / Obesity among Women in the age 15-49 years has increase from 20.6% (NFHS-4) to 24.0% (NFHS-5).
- Puducherry (UT)- Has <u>highest Overweight / Obesity rates among</u> <u>Women 46.2% and experienced increase from (NFHS- 4)- ↑ 9.5%.</u>
- ★ Jharkhand-State has <u>lowest Overweight / Obesity</u> rates among Women - 11.9% and experienced increase from NFHS-4- <sup>1.6%</sup>.

#### **Status of Overweight / Obesity Among Men**

- ★ The <u>National Average for Overweight / Obesity</u> among Men in the age 15-49 years has increased from 18.9% (NFHS-4) to ↑22.9% (NFHS-5).
- Puducherry (UT)- Has <u>highest Overweight / Obesity</u> rates among men 43.3% and experienced increase from (NFHS- 4)- <sup>^</sup>6.2%.
- ★ Chhattisgarh has <u>lowest Overweight / Obesity</u> rates among men-14.9% and experienced increase from NFHS-4 - ↑4.7%.

## Status of Blood Sugar Level Among Adults (Women and Men Both Above 15 Years of Age )

- For the first time NFHS -5 has measured the blood sugar level in both Women and Men . The National Average for Blood Sugar Level are:
- \* High (141-160 mg/dl) 6.1% (women) and 7.3% (men);
- \* Blood Sugar Level Very High (>160 mg/dl)- 6.3% (women) and 7.2%(men); and
- \* Blood Sugar Level High Or Very High (>140 mg/dl) or Taking Medicine to Control Blood Sugar Level-13.5%(women) and 15.6%(men).

## Status of Blood Pressure Among Adults (Women and Men Both Above 15 Years of Age)

The Blood Pressure levels in both Women and Men has gone up according to the survey.

- The National Average for Mildly Elevated Blood Pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) is – 12.4% (women) and 15.7% (men);
- ➤ Moderately or severely elevated Blood Pressure (Systolic ≥160 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100 mm of Hg) (%) -5.2% (women) and 5.7% (men) and
- ➢ Elevated Blood Pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure – 21.3%(women) and 24%(men).

